Child Protection/Safeguarding Children Policy: Staff Quiz

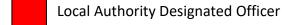
- Who is the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and Prevent Lead in the settings?
 Lorna Trudgeon
- 2. Who is the Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead (DDSL) and Prevent Lead in the settings?

 Juliette George & Briony Sedgeman
- 3. Who is the Assistant Designated Safeguarding Lead (ADSL)? Emily Wallis & Lindsay Roberts
- 4. Who is the Child Protection Officer and Prevent Lead on the Management Committee?

 Mark Fletcher
- 5. What should you do if a child makes a disclosure or displays behaviour that gives you cause for concern?
 - >Do not question the child unless it is necessary (is there anything else you would like to tell me). If you need to ask questions, only use open-ended questions who, where, what, when, how.
 - >Listen to the child.
 - >Offer reassurance.
 - >Make an objective, factual and accurate record of disclosure, including child's name, age, date, time, and exact words spoken by the child, name of whom the concern was reported to.
 - >Do not make any promises you will have to share information with your friend Lorna/Juliette.
 - >Pass the information to CPO as soon as possible.
- 6. What procedure would the DSL/DDSL follow to make a referral?
 - >Inform parents, except in circumstances where this poses potential risk of further harm to the child or young person
 - >Referral to the Local Safeguarding Children's Board (LSCB) within 48 hours.
 - >Contact MARU for advice
 - >Notify Ofsted within 14 days
- Local Authority Deputy Officer

 Local Awareness Designated Officer

7. What does LADO stand for?



8. When would you refer to LADO? >If a staff member or volunteer was accused of any form of child abuse. >Where a staff member or volunteer is dismissed from the setting because of misconduct relating to a child.
 9. List the four types of abuse below: Neglect Physical Emotional Sexual
10. What does CSE stand for?
Child Safety Experience
Child Sexual Exploitation
Child Safeguarding Expert
11. What does FGM stand for?
Female Gender Mutilation
Female General Management
Female Genital Mutilation
12. What does MARU stand for?
Multi Assessment Referral Unit
Multi Agency Rescue Unit
Multi Agency Referral Unit
13. What does WRAP stand for?
Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent
Workshop to Risk Assess Protection

Workshop to Raise Awareness of Protection

14. Early years practitioners are required to be aware of the risk of radicalisation to young children and their families and to staff and volunteers. If you had concerns about a young child and/or their families, staff or volunteers in your setting, how would you refer them for support?

Referral through the Cornwall Channel Process.

15. Which of the indicators below may suggest that a child is at risk of radicalisation? (tick all apply):	that
Lack of adequate food and clothing	
Child becomes isolated	
An increased desire to spend lengthy periods of time on the internet	
Attending church every week with their family	
The use of new language and vocabulary	
Change of appearance (religious clothing, tattoos, growing a beard)	
Change of belief/new belief or religion	
Going on holiday with their family	
Extremely secretive behaviour	
Displaying power hungry behaviour – increasingly challenging behaviour	
Unexplained bruises or marks	
Developing hatred for the government	