

Child Protection/Safeguarding Children Policy: Staff Quiz

1. Who is the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and Prevent Lead in the settings?
Lorna Trudgeon
2. Who is the Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead (DDSL) and Prevent Lead in the settings?
Juliette George & Briony Sedgeman
3. Who is the Assistant Designated Safeguarding Lead (ADSL)?
Emily Wallis & Lindsay Roberts
4. Who is the Child Protection Officer and Prevent Lead on the Management Committee?
Mark Fletcher
5. What should you do if a child makes a disclosure or displays behaviour that gives you cause for concern?
 - >Do not question the child unless it is necessary (is there anything else you would like to tell me). If you need to ask questions, only use open-ended questions – who, where, what, when, how.
 - >Listen to the child.
 - >Offer reassurance.
 - >Make an objective, factual and accurate record of disclosure, including child's name, age, date, time, and exact words spoken by the child, name of whom the concern was reported to.
 - >Do not make any promises – you will have to share information with your friend Lorna/Juliette.
 - >Pass the information to CPO as soon as possible.
6. What procedure would the DSL/DDSL follow to make a referral?
 - >Inform parents, except in circumstances where this poses potential risk of further harm to the child or young person
 - >Referral to the Local Safeguarding Children's Board (LSCB) within 48 hours.
 - >Contact MARU for advice
 - >Notify Ofsted within 14 days
7. What does LADO stand for?
 - Local Authority Deputy Officer
 - Local Awareness Designated Officer
 - Local Authority Designated Officer

8. When would you refer to LADO?

>If a staff member or volunteer was accused of any form of child abuse.

>Where a staff member or volunteer is dismissed from the setting because of misconduct relating to a child.

9. List the four types of abuse below:

- **Neglect**
- **Physical**
- **Emotional**
- **Sexual**

10. What does CSE stand for?

- Child Safety Experience
- Child Sexual Exploitation
- Child Safeguarding Expert

11. What does FGM stand for?

- Female Gender Mutilation
- Female General Management
- Female Genital Mutilation

12. What does MARU stand for?

- Multi Assessment Referral Unit
- Multi Agency Rescue Unit
- Multi Agency Referral Unit

13. What does WRAP stand for?

- Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent
- Workshop to Risk Assess Protection
- Workshop to Raise Awareness of Protection

14. Early years practitioners are required to be aware of the risk of radicalisation to young children and their families and to staff and volunteers. If you had concerns about a young child and/or their families, staff or volunteers in your setting, how would you refer them for support?

Referral through the Cornwall Channel Process.

15. Which of the indicators below may suggest that a child is at risk of radicalisation? (tick all that apply):

- Lack of adequate food and clothing
- Child becomes isolated
- An increased desire to spend lengthy periods of time on the internet
- Attending church every week with their family
- The use of new language and vocabulary
- Change of appearance (religious clothing, tattoos, growing a beard)
- Change of belief/new belief or religion
- Going on holiday with their family
- Extremely secretive behaviour
- Displaying power hungry behaviour – increasingly challenging behaviour
- Unexplained bruises or marks
- Developing hatred for the government